Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Oth Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance Government Auditing Standards – Independent Auditor's Report	With
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	6
Basic Financial Statements — Modified Cash Basis	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Assets and Fund Balance — Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Assets and Fund Balance — Governmental Funds with the Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenue Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balance — Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Notes to Financial Statements	21
Supplementary Information	
Other Information	
Budgetary Comparison — General Fund	37
Student Activity Funds	
Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements	38
Other	
Operating Disbursements by Program Compared with Budget — General Fund (Unaudited)) 39



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Independent Auditor's Report

Administrative Board Macon-Piatt Special Education District Decatur, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macon-Piatt Special Education District (District), a component unit of Decatur School District No. 61, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macon-Piatt Special Education District, a component unit of Decatur School District No. 61, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standard applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis of Accounting

As described in the notes to the financial statements, Macon-Piatt Special Education District, a component unit of Decatur School District No. 61, prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.



Administrative Board Macon-Piatt Special Education District Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Administrative Board Macon-Piatt Special Education District Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information and management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information, except for the management discussion and analysis, page 6, and the statement of operation disbursements by program compared with budget, page 39, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The management's discussion and analysis, and the statement of operation disbursements by program compared with budget, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2023, on our consideration of Macon-Piatt Special Education District's, a component unit of Decatur School District No. 61, internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Macon-Piatt Special Education District's, a component unit of Decatur School District No. 61, internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORVIS, LLP

Decatur, Illinois November 10, 2023



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Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Administrative Board Macon-Piatt Special Education District Decatur, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Macon-Piatt Special Education District (District), a component unit of Decatur School District No. 61, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise its basic financial statements, prepared on the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Administrative Board Macon-Piatt Special Education District Page 5

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

Decatur, Illinois November 10, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) for the District provides an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The Macon-Piatt Special Education District (District) annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the District as a whole, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 15 and 16) provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Our fund financial statements start on page 17. For our governmental activities, these statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements providing information about the District's General Fund.

External auditors have provided reasonable assurance in their independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management Discussion and Analysis, that the basic financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects, in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting. Varying degrees of assurance are provided by the auditor regarding the required supplementary information and other supplemental information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 15. One of the most important questions asked about the District is, "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the District's financial statements, report information on the District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. Statements were prepared to include all assets and liabilities, using the modified cash basis of accounting.

These two statements report the District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the Statement of Net Position – as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position – as reported in the Statement of Activities – are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. However, the District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools to assess the overall health of the District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the District's governmental activity. All of the District's services are reported here, including instruction, plant services, and transportation. Tuition, as well as state and federal grants, finances most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Balance (Net Position) Reporting

The District previously adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 which defined the different types of fund balances (net position) that must be used. For a more complete description of the major classifications of the fund balances (net position) please refer to the Fund Balance (Net Position) Reporting section of Note 1 of the financial statements on page 22.

Fund Financial Statements

The District's fund financial statements, which begin on page 17, provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the District as a whole. These funds are required to be established by State law. The District has only one governmental fund. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified cash basis accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation on page 20.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's net position was \$7,489,134 and \$7,510,466 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Of these amounts, \$6,890,832 and \$7,062,179 were unrestricted. Restricted and committed net position are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the District's ability to use those assets for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Position Modified Cash Basis June 30

	Governmental Activities		
	2023	2022	
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 7,446,338	\$ 7,481,709	
Capital assets	42,796	28,757	
Total assets	7,489,134	7,510,466	
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	42,796	28,757	
Restricted	555,506	419,530	
Unrestricted	6,890,832	7,062,179	
Total net position	\$ <u>7,489,134</u>	\$ <u>7,510,466</u>	

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

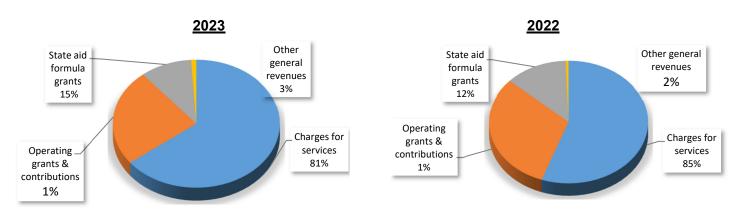
• There were no significant transactions during FY23.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 16. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Statement and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

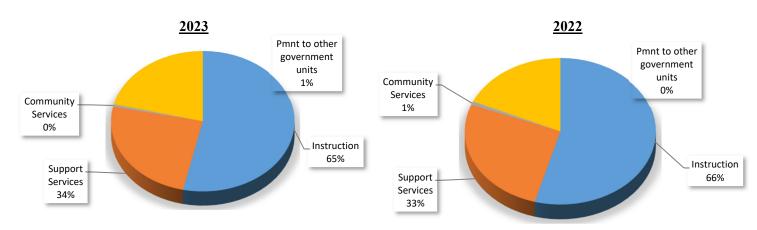
Table 2
Changes in Net Position
Modified Cash Basis
Years Ended June 30
Revenues



		2023		2022	-
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	14,229,136	\$	16,136,937	
Operating grants and contributions		282,774		217,203	
General revenues:					
State aid formula grants		2,606,412		2,230,512	
Other general revenues	_	519,542	_	381,447	
	\$	17,637,864	\$	18,966,099	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

Table 2 – Continued Changes in Net Position Modified Cash Basis Years Ended June 30 Expenses



		2023		2022
Functions/Program Expenses:				
Instruction:	\$	11,416,916	\$	11,032,922
Support Services:				
Pupils		2,280,984		2,353,183
Instructional staff		331,266		336,496
General administration		2,434,759		2,020,995
School administration		138,320		115,746
Business		642,982		557,484
Central		101,124		95,298
Community services		126,816		171,397
Payment to other government units	_	186,029	_	50,212
Total expenses	_	17,659,196	_	16,733,733
Change in net position	\$_	(21,332)	\$_	2,232,366

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities on page 16, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$17,659,196. We paid for these costs with \$14,229,136 in tuition payments, \$2,889,186 with state and federal aid and with our other revenues like interest and fees charged for services of \$519,542, resulting in a decrease in net position of \$21,332.

The following table presents the cost of each of the District's major functional activities — instruction, support services (pupils, instructional staff, general administration, and business). This chart also includes each program's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activition Total Cost of Net Cost Services Services		
Instruction	\$	11,416,916	\$ (1,704,954)
Support services			
Pupils		2,280,984	(222,165)
Instructional staff		331,266	(48,523)
General administration		2,434,759	(367,331)
School administration		138,320	(21,377)
Business		642,982	(103,158)
Central		101,124	(16,123)
Community services		126,816	(19,182)
Payments to other governmental units	_	186,029	(186,029)
	\$_	17,659,196	\$ (2,688,842)

The District does not project changes in net position. Tuition is established to cover the difference between projected expenditures and projected revenues. Total revenues were \$1,408,934 less than budgeted and expenditures were \$2,697,917 less than budgeted, excluding on-behalf payments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				ctivities et Cost of Services
Instruction	\$	11,032,922	\$	(133,757)
Support services				, ,
Pupils		2,353,183		(7,238)
Instructional staff		336,496		(14,578)
General administration		2,020,995		(67,114)
School administration		115,746		(5,377)
Business		557,484		12,453
Central		95,298		(496)
Community services		171,397		(113,274)
Payments to other governmental units	_	50,212		(50,212)
	\$_	16,733,733	\$	(379,593)

The District does not project changes in net position. Tuition is established to cover the difference between projected expenditures and projected revenues. Total revenues were \$575,983 more than budgeted and expenditures were \$374,146 more than budgeted, excluding on-behalf payments.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Looking at the general fund helps you consider whether the District is being accountable for the resources provided to it but may also give you more insight into the District's overall financial health.

As the District completed this year, the general fund reported a fund balance of \$7,446,338 which is a decrease of \$35,371 from last year. The primary reason for this increase is:

• There were more revenue and expenses due to the remote learning environment in the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District adopts its budget annually prior to the end of August. Budgetary comparison for major fund expenditures required to be budgeted are shown, beginning on page 37, compared to actual expenditures. For the year, the District incurred less instructional and support services costs than budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$42,796 invested in improvements, furniture and equipment. The District had capital purchases totaling \$22,168 during the 2023 fiscal year. Total depreciation for the year was \$8,129.

Capital assets, net of depreciation as of year-end:

	Governmental Activities			
	2	023		2022
Improvements, furniture and equipment	\$	42,796	\$	28,757

We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the District's 2023-2024 fiscal year budget. The most important factors affecting the budget are our student count and employee salaries. Also considered in the development of the budget is our local economy.

These indicators were considered when adopting the budget for fiscal 2023-2024. Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund decreased 3% to \$19,861,537 for fiscal 2023-2024. The primary reason for this increase in due to unfilled vacant positions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Unaudited)

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The District financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact the Business Affairs Department, Decatur Public School District No. 61, 101 W. Cerro Gordo Street, Decatur, IL 62523.

Statement of Net Position Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	2,254,191
Investments		5,192,147
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,354,511		42,796
Total assets		7,489,134
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		42,796
Restricted		555,506
Unrestricted		6,890,832
Total net position	\$	7,489,134

Statement of Activities Modified Cash Basis Year Ended June 30, 2023

		 Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	harges for Services	Gr	perating ants and atributions	Re	Net (Expense) evenue and Changes in et Position
Governmental Activities						
Instruction	\$ 11,416,916	\$ 8,832,977	\$	157,554	\$	(2,426,385)
Supporting services						
Pupils	2,280,984	1,763,817		124,593		(392,574)
Instructional staff	331,266	256,222		-		(75,044)
General administration	2,434,759	1,892,322		627		(541,810)
School administration	138,320	106,985		-		(31,335)
Business	642,982	496,657		-		(146,325)
Central	101,124	782,068		-		680,944
Community services	126,816	98,088		-		(28,728)
Payment to other governmental units	186,029	 -				(186,029)
Total	\$ 17,659,196	\$ 14,229,136	\$	282,774		(3,147,286)
General Revenues						2,606,412
State aid-formula grant Earnings on investment						102,882
Miscellaneous	.S					416,660
Wiscenaneous						410,000
Total general r	evenues					3,125,954
Change in Net Position						(21,332)
Net Position, July 1, 2022						7,510,466
Net Position, June 30, 202	3				\$	7,489,134

Statement of Assets and Fund Balance Governmental Funds Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2023

ASSETS	Total Governmental and General Funds
Cash	\$ 2,254,191
Investments	5,192,147
Total assets	7,446,338
Fund Balance	
Restricted	504,388
Committed	51,118
Unassigned	6,890,832
Total fund balance	\$ 7,446,338

Reconciliation of the Statement of Assets and Fund Balance — Governmental Funds With the Statement of Net Position Modified Cash Basis

June 30, 2023

Total fund balance for governmental funds	\$ 7,446,338
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the individual funds	42,796
Total net position- governmental activities	\$ 7,489,134

Statement of Revenue Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Modified Cash Basis Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Total Governmental and General Funds		
Revenue Received			
Local sources			
Tuition from members of joint agreement	\$ 14,229,124		
Other	519,542		
	14,748,666		
State Sources	1,402,401		
Federal Sources	1,486,785		
On-behalf receipts	827,596		
Total Revenue received	18,465,448		
Total Revenue received	10,102,110		
Expenditures Disbursed			
Instructional Services	11,420,029		
Supporting services			
Pupils	2,280,414		
Instructional staff	331,266		
General administration	2,446,556		
School administration	138,320		
Business	642,121		
Central	101,124		
	5,939,801		
Community Services	126,816		
Payments to other governmental units	186,029		
Student Activity Funds	548		
On Behalf Disbursements	827,596		
Total Expenditures disbursed	18,500,819		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Received			
Over Expenditures Disbursed	(35,371)		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	7,481,709		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 7,446,338		

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue Received,
Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund
Balance — Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Modified Cash Basis
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds

\$ (35,371)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures (\$22,168) exceeded depreciation (\$8,129) in the current period

14,039

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (21,332)

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Component Unit

Macon-Piatt Special Education District (District) is a component unit of Decatur School District No. 61. The District is established under a joint agreement involving several cooperating school districts. Decatur School District No. 61 administers the District, establishes and approves the District's budget, and has ultimate authority over the District's operations. The District is included as a discretely presented component unit in the Decatur School District No. 61's financial statements.

Nature of Operations

Macon-Piatt Special Education District is a joint agreement of the noted school district located in Central Illinois for the purpose of serving students in all disability categories in a variety of educational settings.

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the nonfiduciary financial activities of the District. These statements report those activities of the District that are governmental (i.e. generally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues).

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the District's governmental activities at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions (including related investment earnings) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Fund Financial Statements

The District maintains fund accounting in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at a more detailed level. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they are to be used. Liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The District's only major governmental fund is the General Fund.

The General Fund, which consists of the Educational Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for the general activities of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Student Activity Funds are included in the General Fund within these financial statements.

Fund Balance (Net Position) Reporting

In accordance with government accounting standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; Nonspendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance, and Unassigned Fund Balance. Below are definitions of the differences and a reconciliation of how these balances are reported.

Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts. Due to the cash basis nature of the District, all such items are expensed at the time of purchase, so there is nothing to report for this classification.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has several revenue sources received within the Educational Fund that falls into these categories.

1. State Grants

Proceeds from state grants and the related expenditures have been included in the Educational Fund. At June 30, 2023, expenditures disbursed exceeded revenue received from state grants, resulting in no restricted balance.

2. Federal Grants

Proceeds from federal grants and the related expenditures have been included in the Educational Fund. The District receives money for the Illinois Medical Assistance program administered by the Illinois Department of Public Aid. The Medicaid dollars are supplemental federal funds required to be used to expand and enhance special education services for students with at-risk disabilities. At June 30, 2023, revenues received from this grant exceeded expenditures disbursed resulting in a restricted balance of \$77,343.

3. The District receives money from the Department of Rehabilitation Services that must be spent to support the Macon-Piatt Special Education District vocational work-study program. At June 30, 2023, revenues received from this grant exceeded expenditures disbursed resulting in a restricted balance \$427,045.

Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Administrative Board). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

The Administrative Board commits fund balance by making motions or passing resolutions to adopt policy or to approve contracts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Employee contracts for services rendered during the school year include provisions for paid vacation days. At June 30, 2023, the total amount of unpaid vacation days for services performed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$51,118.

The Student Activity Funds are reported as committed within the fund financial statements

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted or committed. Intent may be expressed by (a) the Administrative Board itself or (b) the finance committee or by the Superintendent when the Administrative Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the General Operating Fund for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned Fund Balance amounts are shown in the financial statements as the Educational Fund.

Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The financial statements of the District have been prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The measurement focus establishes the basis of accounting. The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. The modifications to the cash basis are for the recording of capital assets and the recognition of depreciation. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements. Pension liabilities are not included in the modified cash basis statement, therefore no assets or liabilities have been recorded for the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recognized and recorded in the accounts when cash is received. In the same manner, expenditures are recognized and recorded upon the disbursement of cash. Assets of a fund are only recorded when a right to receive cash exists which arises from a previous cash transaction. Liabilities of a fund, similarly, result from previous cash transactions. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized when received, consistent with the cash basis of accounting. Liabilities of a fund, similarly, result from previous cash transactions.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District's budget is prepared so that budgeted receipts and expenditures can be compared to the cash basis of accounting. The budget was passed on August 23, 2022.

For each fund, total fund expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted expenditures. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to August 1, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at a public meeting to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Board of Education is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between items within any fund.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- 6. The Board of Education may amend the budget (in other ways) by the same procedures required of its original adoption.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Capital Assets

Capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental funds statement of assets and fund balance.

Capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value as of the date received. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

The District does not possess any material amounts of real estate or infrastructure capital assets.

The District maintains a formal capitalization policy and follows grant guidelines when applicable.

Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated life of the asset. The District has established estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset Class	Useful Lives
Building and Improvements	50 years
Equipment	5 to 10 years
Transportation Equipment	5 years

Investments

Investment balances, which consist of money market funds or pooled separate accounts, are stated at cost, which approximate fair value. Assets of the different funds are commingled for investment purposes, and interest earnings are prorated back to the various funds when recognized as revenue. The District has adopted a formal written investment and cash management policy.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 2: Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Balance, July 1, 2022	July 1,		Transfer	Balance, June 30, 2023	
Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ 43,068 2,332,071	\$ - 22,168	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 43,068 2,354,239	
Less accumulated	2,375,139	22,168	-	-	2,397,307	
depreciation	2,346,382	8,129			2,354,511	
	28,757	14,039			42,796	
	\$ 28,757	\$ 14,039	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,796	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 3,749
Support Services	
Pupils	570
General Administration	2,949
Business	 861
	\$ 8,129

Note 3: Common Bank Account

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all District funds. Certain funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in a common checking account with accounting records maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally, certain of the funds participating in the common bank account will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. The overdrafts result from expenditures which have been approved by the Board. Such overdrafts constitute unauthorized interfund loans since they are not authorized by the Board of Education.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Note 4: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a governments' deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law allows for deposits in banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions. Deposits not collateralized or insured by an agency of the federal government shall not exceed 75% of the capital stock and surplus in the case of a bank, 75% of the net worth in the case of a savings bank or savings and loan association or 50% of the unimpaired capital and surplus in the case of a credit union. Under state law, the District may enter into an agreement requiring collateralization in an amount equal to at least the fair value of funds deposited in excess of federal depository insurance limits.

At June 30, 2023, The District's deposits were included in a common bank account where all deposits were insured or collateralized.

Investments

The District is authorized by state statute to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Agencies and Instrumentalities; commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services; obligations of states and their political subdivisions; savings accounts; certificates of deposit; time deposits; money market mutual funds; credit union shares; the Illinois Funds; and the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus.

At June 30, 2023, the District's investments were in the Illinois Funds and the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus. The District's investments qualify as an exception to GASB Statement No. 72 as they are recorded at amortized cost and are not placed into the fair value hierarchy.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the underlying securities for the District's investments at June 30, 2023 are held by the counterparties in the District's name.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an insurer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's deposits with financial institutions are not subject to credit risk rating. Both the Illinois Funds and the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus have been rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Credit risk exposure and investment guidelines are addressed in the District's investment policy.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment with a single issuer. The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amounts that can be invested in any one issuer. Deposits with financial institutions and investments in external investment pools are exempt from the concentration disclosure.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	2023
Statement of Net Position	
Carrying Value	
Deposits	\$ 2,254,191
Investments	5,192,147
	\$ 7,446,338
Included in the following statement of net position captions	
Cash	\$ 2,254,191
Investments	5,192,147
	\$ 7,446,338

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Investment Income

Investment income for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of:

Interest Income

\$ 102,882

Note 5: Retirement Commitments

As a component unit of Decatur School District No. 61 (DSD No. 61), the District participates in DSD No. 61's retirement plans. The following information generally consists of DSD No. 61 information, with some specific disclosures of the District.

DSD No. 61 provides pension benefits to its employees under two separate defined benefit plans as discussed below. As discussed in Footnote 1, because DSD No. 61 uses a modified cash basis of accounting for financial reporting purposes, it does not report pension obligations in its basic financial statements, thus the recognition requirements for such amounts (assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* are not presented in the District's financial statements. However, limited footnote information under GASB 68 does apply and is provided herein.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Description

DSD No. 61 contributes to the IMRF Plan, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all employees. The IMRF Plan is administered by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The employees covered by the Plan at December 31, 2022 are:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	752
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	432
Active employees	647
	1,831

Contributions

As set by statute, DSD No. 61 regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statutes require employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. DSD No. 61's annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2022 was 8.62%. DSD No. 61 also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, employees contributed \$1,205,939 and DSD No. 61 contributed \$2,356,717 to the IMRF Plan. DSD No. 61 recognized \$2,350,950 in expenses under the modified cash basis for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

Plan Description

DSD No. 61 participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://trsil.org/financial/cafrs/fy2022; by writing to TRS at 2815 West Washington Street, P.O. Box 19253, Springfield, Illinois 62794; or by calling (888) 678-3675, option 2.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier 1 members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2% of final average salary up to a maximum of 75% with 34 years of service.

Tier 2 members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier 2 are identical to those of Tier 1. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier 1.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3% increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, created an optional Tier 3 hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2021. One program allows retiring Tier 1 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier 1 and 2 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs began in 2019 and will be funded by bonds issued by the State of Illinois.

Contributions

The State of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 9.0% of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

On behalf contributions to TRS. The District meets the definition of being in a special funding situation in which the State is the non-employer entity that is legally responsible for providing financial support for the pension of the District employees. The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the State of Illinois contributions recognized by the employer were based on the State's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$839,179 in pension contributions from the State of Illinois.

2.2 formula contributions. Employers contribute .58% of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. DSD No. 61's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$271,689.

Federal and special trust fund contributions. When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by DSD No. 61, there is a statutory requirement for DSD No. 61 to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the employer pension contribution was 10.49% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2023, DSD No. 61 salaries totaling \$1,413,952 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$148,324.

District Retirement Cost Contributions. Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that a District is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. DSD No. 61 is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6% if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2023, DSD No. 61 paid \$125,054 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6% and \$371 for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

Note 6: Contingencies

The District has received funding from state and federal grants in the current and prior years which is subject to audit and approval by the granting agencies. The Board of Education believes any adjustments that may arise from these audits will be insignificant to the District's operations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 7: Loss Exposure

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance or memberships in insurance pools for all major programs: property, liability, and workers' compensation. During the year ended June 30, 2023, there were no significant reductions in coverage. Also, there have been no settlement amounts which have exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

Note 8: Postemployment Benefit Plans

The District provides postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to its retirees under two separate defined benefit OPEB plans as discussed below. As discussed in Footnote 1, because the District uses a modified cash basis of accounting for financial reporting purposes, it does not report items related to OPEB, except for OPEB expense, in its basic financial statements, thus the recognition requirements for such amounts (assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* do not apply to the District. However, limited footnote disclosure is required under GASB 75 and is provided herein.

Retiree Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The District's eligible retirees and their spouses can participate in the District's group healthcare plan which is a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the OPEB Plan) covering substantially all employees. The OPEB Plan is administered by a board of trustees. The OPEB Plan is not administered under a qualified trust and there are no employer contributions or OPEB plan assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

In accordance with GASB 75, an actuarial valuation has to be performed every 30 months for OPEB plans with over 200 participants. The following information provided is as of the last actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. The District will contract for another valuation in fiscal year 2024.

Benefits Provided

The OPEB Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses through the age of 65. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of the benefits is covered by the retiree. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense related to this plan of \$172,275.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The employees covered by the benefit terms at June 30, 2023 are:

	2022
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	9
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	592
	601

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer contributions and benefit payments are related to the increase in active premiums due to the presence of retirees in the determination of the blended retiree/active premiums and totaled \$67,879.

Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund

Plan Description

The Teacher Retirement Insurance Program of Illinois (TRIP or Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that covers retired employees of participating school districts throughout the State of Illinois, excluding the Chicago Public School System. TRIP health coverage includes provisions for medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits. Annuitants may participate in the State administered Preferred Provider Organization plan or choose from several managed care options. TRIP is administered in accordance with the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILSC 375/6.5) which establishes the eligibility and benefit provisions of the plan.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions, defines special funding situations as circumstances in which a nonemployer entity is legally responsible for providing financial support for OPEB (other postemployment benefits) of the employees of another entity by making contributions directly to an OPEB plan that is administered through a trust that meets the criteria set forth in GASB 75 and either (1) the amount of contributions or benefit payments for which the nonemployer entity legally is responsible is not dependent upon one or more events or circumstances unrelated to the OPEB or (2) the nonemployer entity is the only entity with a legal obligation to provide financial support directly to an OPEB plan that is used to provide OPEB to employees of another entity. The State of Illinois is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the plan is deemed to have a special funding situation.

2022

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Benefits Provided

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.5) requires that the Department's Director determine the rates and premiums of annuitants and dependent beneficiaries and establish the cost-sharing parameters, as well as funding. Member premiums are set by this statute, which provides for a subsidy of either 50% or 75%, depending upon member benefit choices. Dependents are eligible for coverage, at a rate of 100% of the cost of coverage.

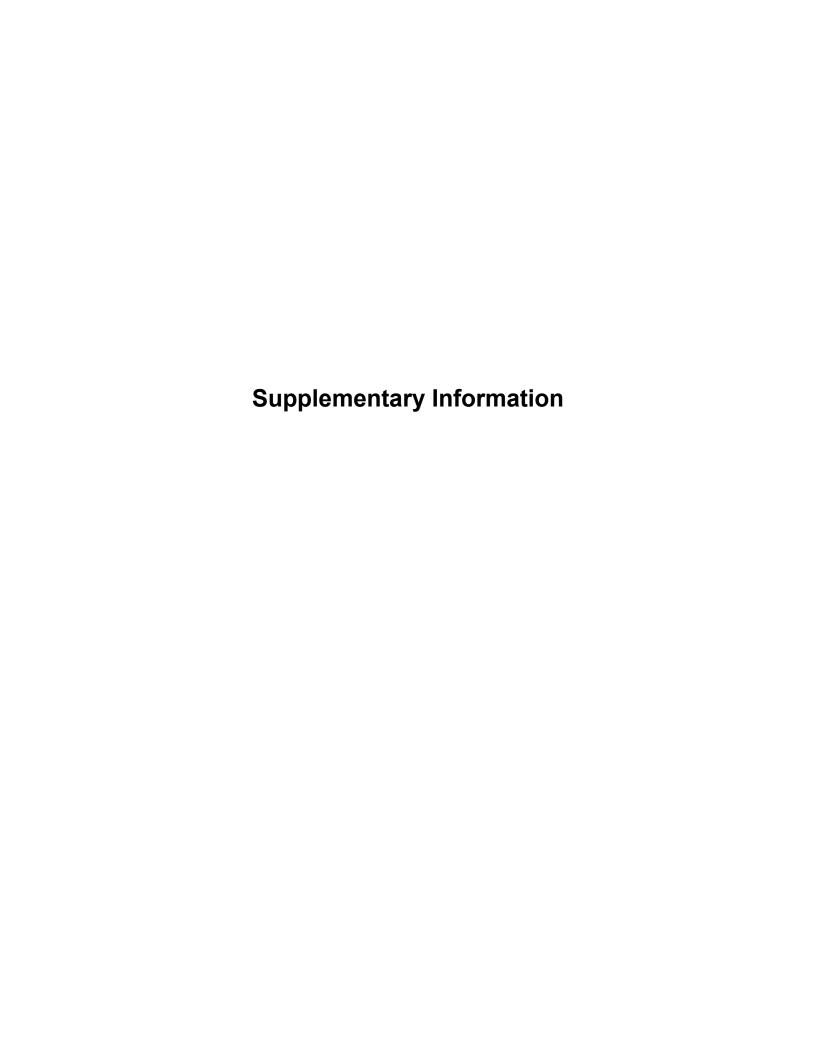
A summary of the postemployment benefit provisions, changes in benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements including eligibility for vesting, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established are included as an integral part of the financial statements of the Department of Central Management Services. A copy of the financial statements of the Department may be obtained by writing to the Department of Central Management Services, 401 South Spring Street, Springfield, Illinois, 62706.

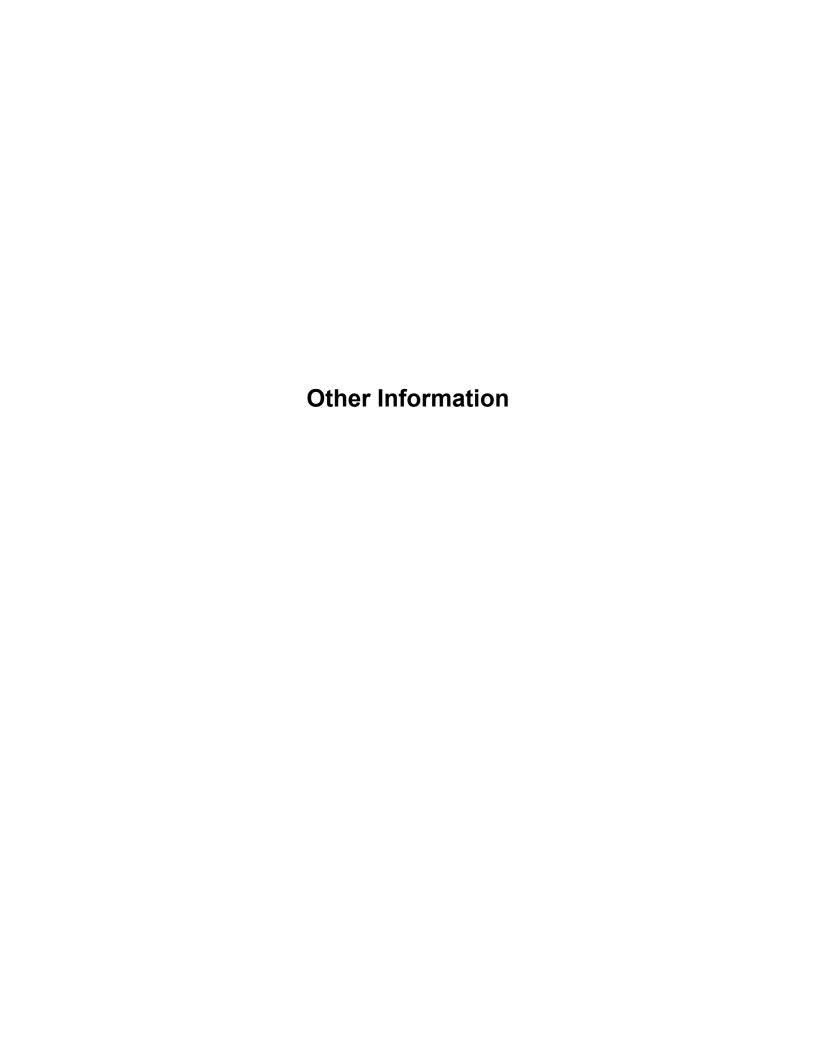
Contributions

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.6) requires that all active contributors of the TRS, who are not employees of a department, make contributions to the plan at a rate of .90% of salary and for every employer of a teacher to contribute an amount equal to .67% of each teacher's salary. The Department determines, by rule, the percentage required, which each year shall not exceed 105% of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. In addition, under the State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriations Act (40 ILCS 15/1.3), there is appropriated, on a continuing annual basis, from the General Revenue Fund, an account of the General Fund, to the State Comptroller for deposit in the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THISF), an amount equal to the amount certified by the Board of Trustees of TRS as the estimated total amount of contributions to be paid under 5 ILCS 376/6.6(a) in that fiscal year.

The District meets the definition of being in a special funding situation in which the State is the non-employer entity that is legally responsible for providing financial support for OPEB of the District employees and that the State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability is 57.634328% and the District's percentage is 0.174282%. The state of Illinois makes employer retiree contributions on behalf of the District. State contributions are intended to match contributions to the fund from active members. State of Illinois contributions were \$64,449 and the District recognized revenues and expenditures of this amount during the year. The employer contribution was .67% or \$47,979 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The OPEB plan contributions for the two plans were \$112,428 for the teacher health insurance plan and \$172,275 for the retiree healthcare plan.





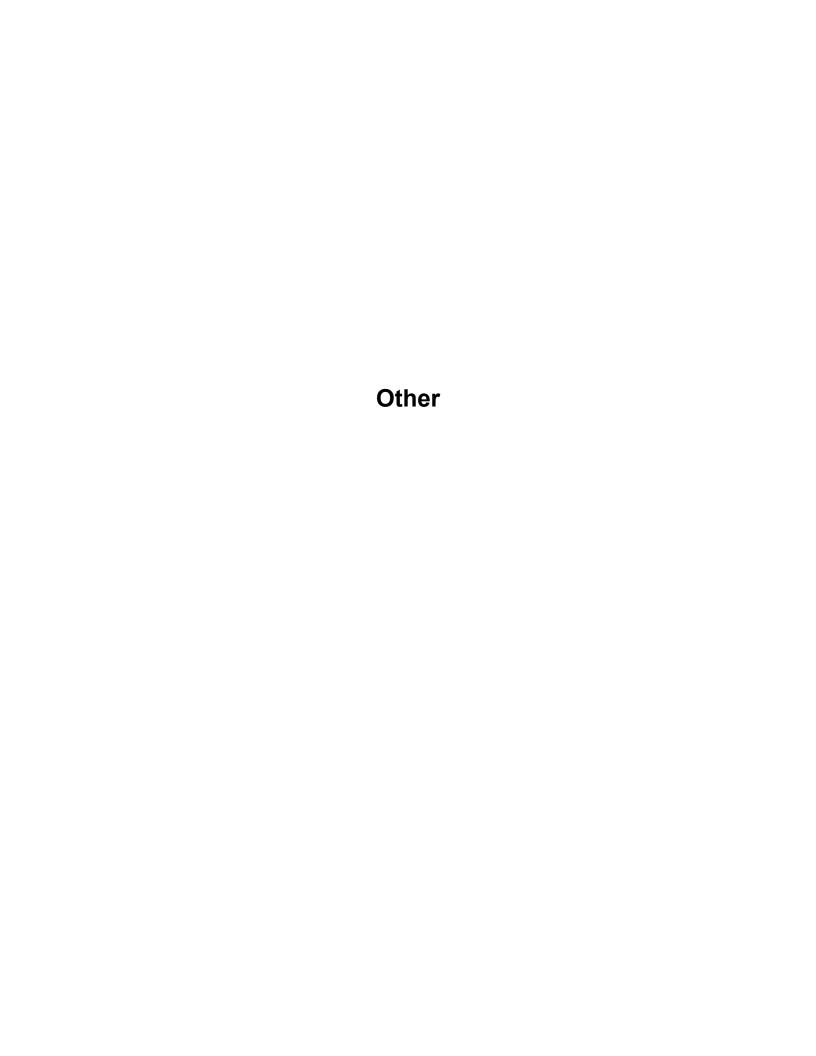
Budgetary Comparison General Fund Modified Cash Basis Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Budget Over (Under) Actual
Revenue Received			
Local Sources			
Tuition from members of joint agreement	\$ 16,123,704	\$ 14,229,124	\$ 1,894,580
Other	314,854	519,542	(204,688)
	16,438,558	14,748,666	1,689,892
State Sources	1,433,228	1,402,401	30,827
Federal Sources	1,175,000	1,486,785	(311,785)
On-behalf receipts		827,596	(827,596)
Total Revenue Received	19,046,786	18,465,448	581,338
Expenditures Disbursed			
Instructional Services	12,525,874	11,420,029	1,105,845
Supporting services			
Pupils	2,804,430	2,280,414	524,016
Instructional staff	376,390	331,266	45,124
General administration	3,153,443	2,446,556	706,887
School administration	106,747	138,320	(31,573)
Business	750,612	642,121	108,491
Central	101,903	101,124	779
	7,293,525	5,939,801	1,353,724
Community Services	125,809	126,816	(1,007)
Payments to governmental units	425,932	186,029	239,903
Student activity funds	=	548	(548)
On-behalf disbursements		827,596	(827,596)
Total expenditures disbursed	20,371,140	18,500,819	1,870,321
Excess of Revenue Received Over			
Expenditures Disbursed	(1,324,354)	(35,371)	(1,288,983)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	7,481,709	7,481,709	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 6,157,355	\$ 7,446,338	\$ (1,288,983)



Student Activity Funds Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Jι	lance ıly 1, 022	Red	ceipts	Disbu	rsements	Jui	lance ne 30, 023
Jan Little Memorial Karen Rhodes Memorial	\$	355 488	\$	100	\$	455 93	\$	396
	\$	843	\$	101	\$	548	\$	396
Cash Deposited in Hickory Point Bank & Trust Investments	\$	45 798					\$	22 374
Total, as above	\$	843					\$	396



Operating Disbursements by Program Compared with Budget General Fund (Unaudited)

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023				2022		
		Budget		Actual	Actual		
Operating Disbursements		_					
Administration	\$	3,447,313	\$	2,848,190	\$	2,332,027	
Administration Support		2,132,478		1,854,633		1,953,505	
Alternative Program		1,828,423		1,426,913		1,232,533	
Decatur Elementary Cross Cat		1,335,074	1,298,980			881,116	
Decatur Secondary Cross Cat		660,561		520,792		522,185	
Decatur Social Workers & Nurses		184,756		189,017		157,965	
Early Childhood		1,264,299		1,104,976		1,090,595	
Essential Skills		2,042,241		1,749,581		1,740,335	
ESSER Grant		81,092		28,799		109,328	
Hearing impaired		420,814		422,673		397,400	
Life Skills		3,244,147		3,203,719		3,015,619	
Medicaid		1,144,564		942,515		874,786	
Meridan Local Costs		99,167		104,264		93,911	
Non Public		106,077		106,882		152,557	
ORS-STEP Work Study		129,765		86,485		78,603	
Sangamon Valley Local Costs		89,253		92,887		84,418	
SED		1,232,157		942,766		1,445,782	
Summer Programs	35,241		160,744			140,008	
Visually impaired		469,016		443,567		427,105	
Other		424,702		144,840			
Total Operating Disbursements	\$	20,371,140	\$	17,673,223	\$	16,729,778	

39